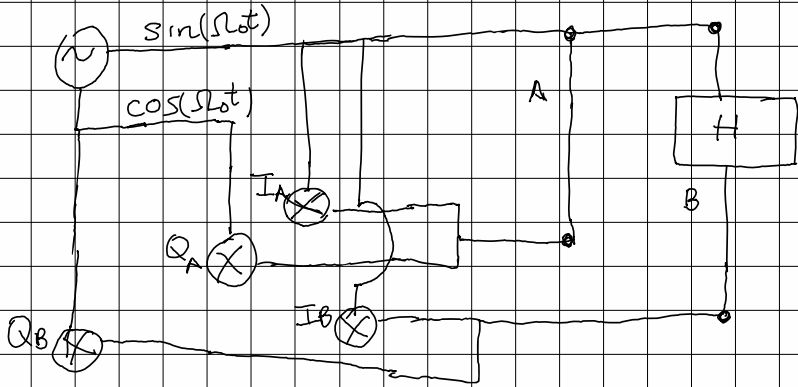


2022/03/06

## - Network analyzer -



After mixing:

$$I_A = A \sin(\Omega_0 t) \sin(\Omega_0 t + \phi_A)$$

$$Q_A = A \cos(\Omega_0 t) \sin(\Omega_0 t + \phi_A)$$

$$I_B = A|H| \sin(\Omega_0 t) \sin(\Omega_0 t + \phi_B)$$

$$Q_B = A|H| \cos(\Omega_0 t) \sin(\Omega_0 t + \phi_B)$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sin \alpha \sin \beta = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(\alpha - \beta) - \cos(\alpha + \beta)] \\ \cos \alpha \sin \beta = \frac{1}{2} [\sin(\alpha + \beta) - \sin(\alpha - \beta)] \end{array} \right\}$$

$$I_{AB} \propto \frac{1}{2} [\cos(\phi_{AB}) - \cos(2\Omega_0 t + \phi_{AB})]$$

$$Q_{AB} \propto \frac{1}{2} [\sin(2\Omega_0 t + \phi_{AB}) + \sin(\phi_{AB})]$$

$$I_{AB} \propto \frac{1}{2} [\cos(\phi_{AB}) - \cos(2\Omega_0 t + \phi_{AB})]$$

$$Q_{AB} \propto \frac{1}{2} [\sin(2\Omega_0 t + \phi_{AB}) + \sin(\phi_{AB})]$$

Apply Low pass filter, keep "DC" terms only:

$$I_A^{lp} = \frac{A}{2} \cos \phi_A$$

$$I_B^{lp} = \frac{A|H|}{2} \cos \phi_B$$

$$Q_A^{lp} = \frac{A}{2} \sin \phi_A$$

$$Q_B^{lp} = \frac{A}{2} (H) \sin \phi_B$$

To solve for magnitude of H:

$$\frac{\sqrt{I_B^2 + Q_B^2}}{\sqrt{I_A^2 + Q_A^2}} = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{A^2}{4} |H|^2 (\sin^2 \phi_B + \cos^2 \phi_B)}}{\sqrt{\frac{A^2}{4} (\sin^2 \phi_A + \cos^2 \phi_A)}} = |H|$$

And for the phase difference  $(\phi_A - \phi_B) = \Delta \phi_{AB}$

$$\phi_A = \arctan\left(\frac{Q_A^{lp}}{I_A^{lp}}\right) \quad \text{and} \quad \phi_B = \arctan\left(\frac{Q_B^{lp}}{I_B^{lp}}\right)$$

$$\hookrightarrow \Delta \phi_{AB} = \phi_A - \phi_B$$